



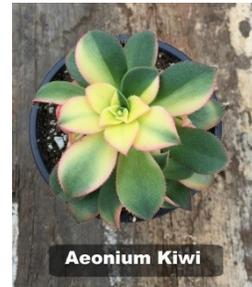
Succulent Varieties

by Popes Plant Farm

These pictures were all taken in the greenhouses of Popes Plant Farm.

Availability will vary from week to week.

Aeonium - These unusual plants have rosettes at the end of woody stems. Young plants are short but older ones can have tall arching stems. Kiwi is a bright cream and pink variegated type, while Zwartkop has dark purple, almost black leaves. Not winter hardy.



Aeonium Kiwi



Aeonium Zwartkop

Aloe – Aloe has long pointed leaves that come out from a central rosette. Most people think of the medicinal Aloe Vera, which is good for burns, but there are many other varieties. The long spikey leaves of Hedgehog and Aristata add height to mixed containers. Large plants will have bright red/orange blooms on tall spikes. Midnight has dark, purplish-green foliage. Tiger Tooth has spines on the edge of the leaves. Not winter hardy.



Aloe Blue Elf 6"



Aloe Hedgehog



Aloe Hybrid Mini



Aloe Midnight



Aloe Tiger Tooth



Aloe Vera

Anacampseros

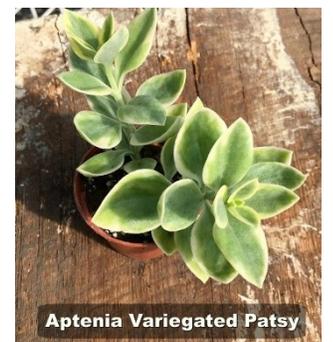
Sunrise - Great pink color with short fleshy leaves. Slow growing and stays low. Will form a dense mat with age.



Anacampseros Sunrise

Not winter hardy.

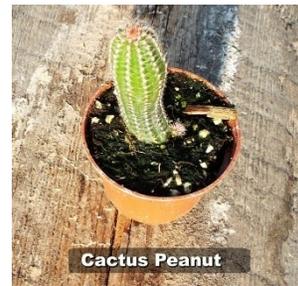
Aptenia - Trailing groundcover like plant with bright green and cream variegated leaves. Hot pink flower in summer. Good for hanging baskets. Not winter hardy.



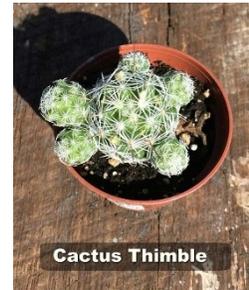
Aptenia Variegated Patsy

Cactus - Great additions to succulent combo planters. Peanut has finger like stems that can grow up to 6 inches tall and can produce a bright orange flower. Thimble is shaped like tightly bunched little balls all stuck together. It can have a small yellow flower. Slow growing and very low water.

Not winter hardy.



Cactus Peanut

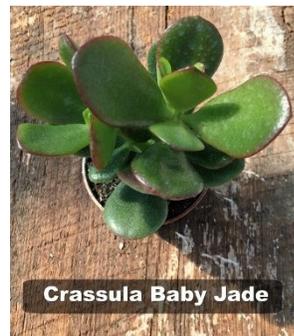


Cactus Thimble

Crassula - Jade plants are the most popular member of this big family of succulents. They can be trained like miniature trees and are excellent for bonsai. Hobbit has deep green spoon shaped leaves.

Princess Pine has needle like leaves that look a conifer's. Sunset has bright red margins, especially in the sun. Variegated String of Buttons has an interesting stacked habit to the leaves.

Not winter hardy.



Crassula Baby Jade



Crassula Dew Bush



Crassula Falcata



Crassula Hobbit



Crassula Jade



Crassula Miniature Pine Tree



Crassula Obvallata



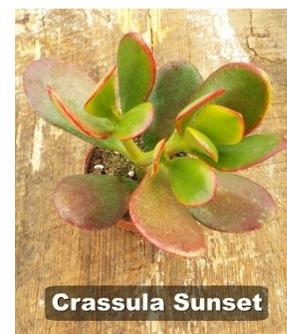
Crassula Perforata Variegated



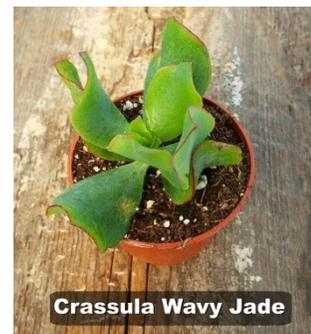
Crassula Princess Pine



Crassula Springtime



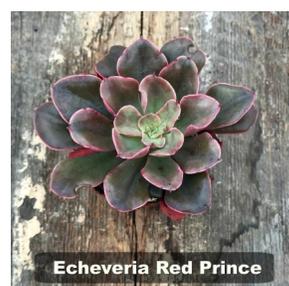
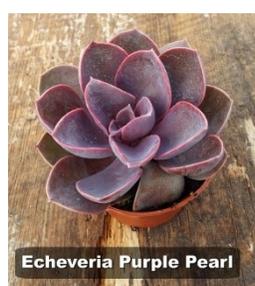
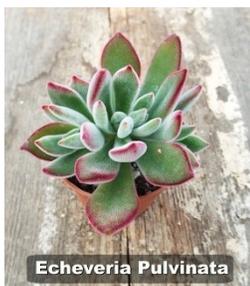
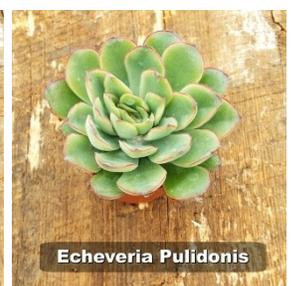
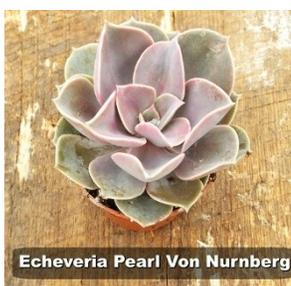
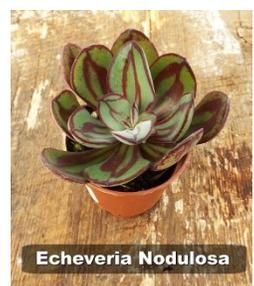
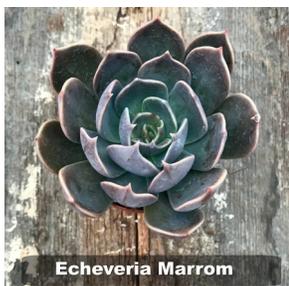
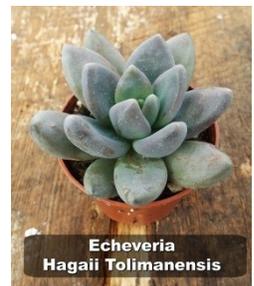
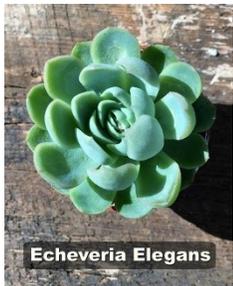
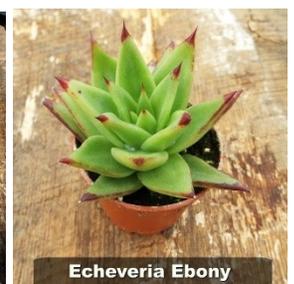
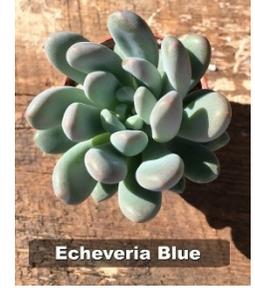
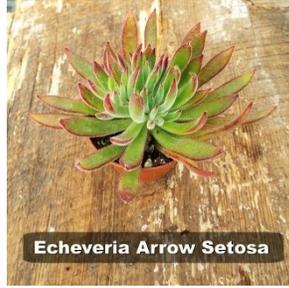
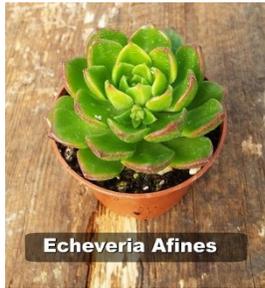
Crassula Sunset



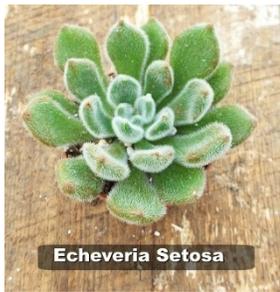
Crassula Wavy Jade

Echeveria - Our most popular type of succulent. These have rosettes of fleshy leaves and come in colors from bright green, to soft blue and purple. Varieties like Agavoides and Pulvinata have a red edge. Nodulosa has purple stripes. Black Knight and Black Prince are the darkest types while Purple Pearl is the brightest pinky purple. Drooping bell shaped flowers on tall stems are common even on small plants.

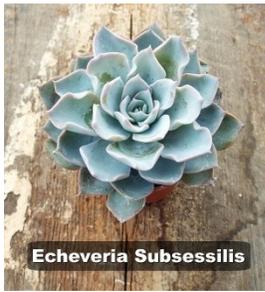
Often mistaken for perennial Hens & Chicks (Sempervivum). Echeveria are not winter hardy.



Echeveria (cont.)



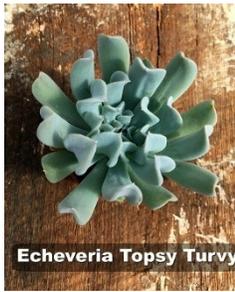
Echeveria Setosa



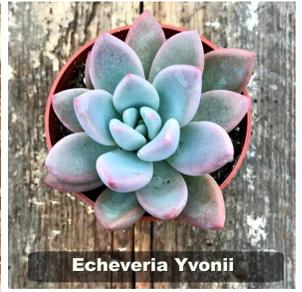
Echeveria Subsessilis



Echeveria Shaviana



Echeveria Topsy Turvy

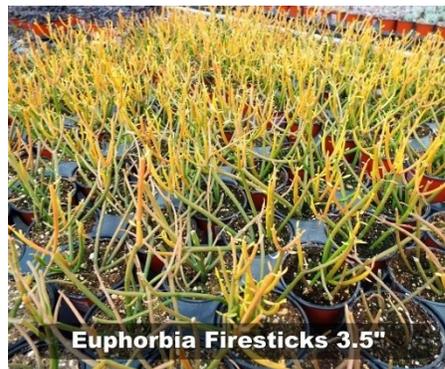


Echeveria Yvonii

Euphorbia - This huge family of plants also includes poinsettias, the white flowered annual "Diamond Frost" and perennial spurge.

Firesticks has thin branch like leaves that are green at the base with orange to red new growth. Very bright light and low fertilizer for the best color. It adds color and height to succulent combo planters.

Not winter hardy.



Euphorbia Firesticks 3.5"

Gasteria - Grown for its interesting mottled leaves.

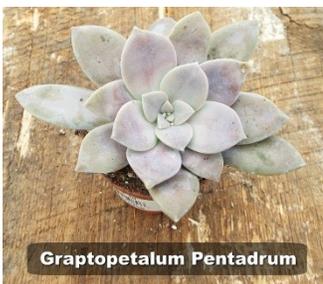
Not winter hardy.



Gasteria Warty

Grpto-xxxxxx - Three closely related succulents from the southwestern US and Mexico. The leaves grow in a rosette around a short stem. With age they form a 6 inch tall mound. Graptoveria is a cross between Graptopetalum and Echeveria. Graptosedum is a cross between Graptoveria and Sedum. Bright sun keeps them compact and colorful. Darley Sunshine has blue green leaves with pink tips. Vera Higgins has a bronze color that can be almost orange in the sun. Debbie is a soft blueish purple.

Not winter hardy.



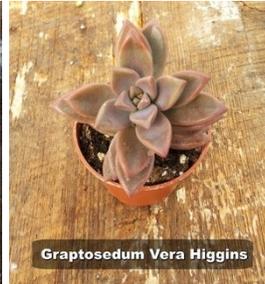
Graptopetalum Pentadrum



Graptopetalum Superbum



Graptosedum Darley Sunshine



Graptosedum Vera Higgins

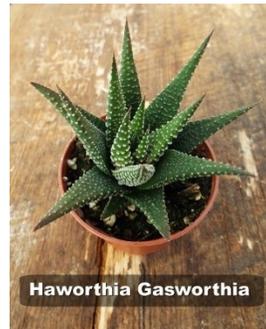


Graptoveria Debbie

Haworthia - The best succulent varieties for lower light. They still prefer bright light, but will thrive without direct sunlight. Gasworthia is a cross between Haworthia and Gasteria and can take even less light.

These are slow growing and long lasting. You can mix them with other succulents but they are perfect for growing by themselves in small decorative pot. They can be covered with interesting white dots or ridges.

Haworthia Retusa is different than the other types we grow with short wide leaves instead of spikey ones. It is also called Star Cactus. Not winter hardy.



Haworthia Gasworthia



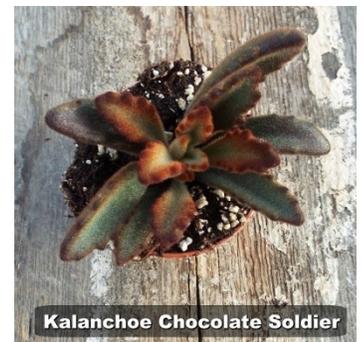
Haworthia Limifolia



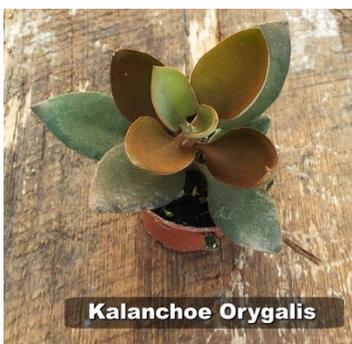
Big Band - Retusa - Herbacea - Coarctata - Faciata Green

Kalanchoe - This genus contains many interesting foliage plants as well as the familiar flowering florist Kalanchoe. Chocolate Soldier and Tomentosa have fuzzy leaves and an upright habit. They will grow well with a bit less light than other succulents. Paddle Plant is faster growing and has large flat leaves that have a bright red edge if grown in full sun. Sexangularis has a bright red color in the sun and a low bushy habit.

Not winter hardy.



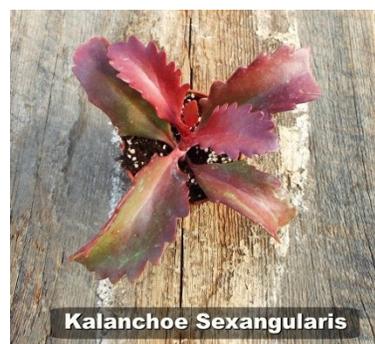
Kalanchoe Chocolate Soldier



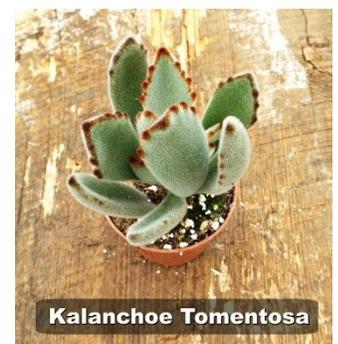
Kalanchoe Orygalis



Kalanchoe Paddle Plant



Kalanchoe Sexangularis

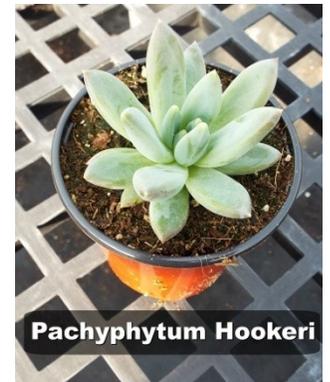


Kalanchoe Tomentosa

Pachyphytum - This group of succulents is native to Mexico and has thick rounded leaves and a blueish color. Plants have a very regular, geometric look and grow in a tight, stemless rosette. Not winter hardy.



Pachyphytum Compactum



Pachyphytum Hookeri

Sedum - The sedums we grow are small textured upright or trailing plants that are useful in succulent combos. Adolphii, Aurora, Aurora Blue and Nusbaumeranium are all more upright and are not winter hardy in most areas. Donkey Tail (or Burrow's Tail) is a larger textured tropical variety good for hanging baskets. The best types for small planters are Dasyphylium, Gold Moss, Lineare Variegated, and Sexangulare because of their small texture and slow growth.

Sedums generally need very bright light to full sun and slightly more water than other succulents. If they start to outgrow your combo planter just give them a trim occasionally.

Hardiness zone is listed below each picture.



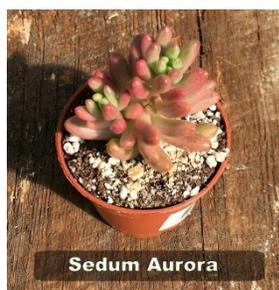
Sedum Adolphii

Zone 8



Sedum Angelina

Zone 3



Sedum Aurora

Zone 9



Sedum Aurora Blue

Zone 9



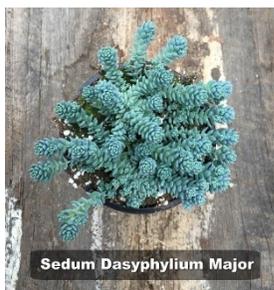
Sedum Coral Carpet

Zone 4



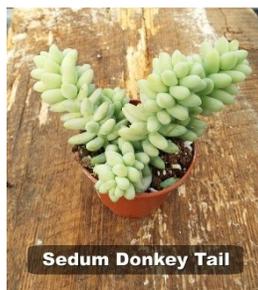
Sedum Coral Reef

Zone 5



Sedum Dasyphylium Major

Zone 5



Sedum Donkey Tail

Zone 10



Sedum Dragon's Blood

Zone 4



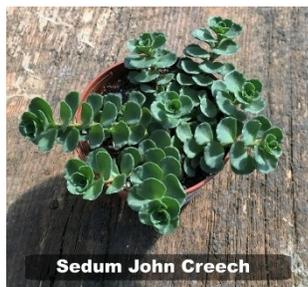
Sedum Gold Moss

Zone 3



Sedum Jelly Bean

Zone 9



Sedum John Creech

Zone 3



Sedum Lemon Ball

Zone 7



Sedum Lineare Variegatum

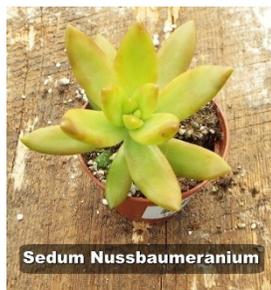
Zone 7



Sedum Little Missy

Zone 5

Sedum (cont.)



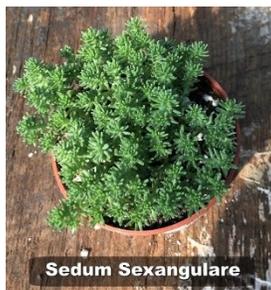
Sedum Nussbaumerianum

Zone 9



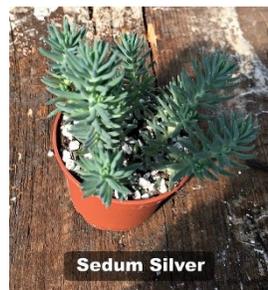
Sedum Ogon

Zone 7



Sedum Sexangulare

Zone 3



Sedum Silver

Zone 5



Sedum Tricolor

Zone 4

Sempervivum - Also known as Hens & Chicks or House Leeks. They are cold hardy, evergreen, drought tolerant and easy to grow. Use them as a groundcover or in containers in full to part sun. Colors can be green, silver, and shades of purple to almost black.

All varieties are winter hardy to at least zone 5.



Sempervivum Desert Bloom



Sempervivum Emerald Express



Sempervivum Hart



Sempervivum Jade Rose



Sempervivum Kalinda



Sempervivum Pluto



Sempervivum Purple Beauty



Sempervivum Red Beauty



Sempervivum Silver King



Sempervivum Spring Beauty

Senecio - A wide ranging group of plants including some upright, shrubby varieties like Senecio Blue and purple leaved Crassissimus. The trailing types such as Fishhook and String of Pearls make excellent basket plants.

Not winter hardy.



10" HB - Senecio Fishhook



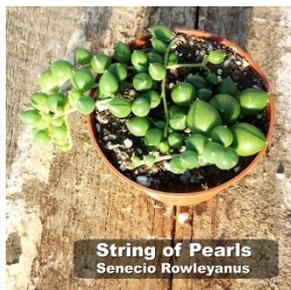
Senecio Blue



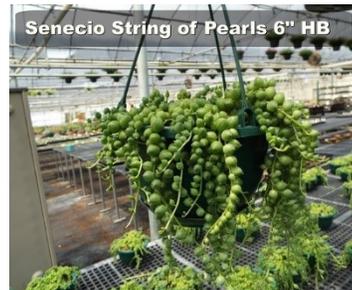
Senecio Crassissimus



Senecio Serpents



String of Pearls
Senecio Rowleyanus



Senecio String of Pearls 6" HB